

CD	Knowledge	Social and Emotional Skills	Questions for Family Learning	
Ages 3-5	 Know what being proud means and that people can be proud of different things Know that people can be good at different things Know what being unique means Know that families can be different Know that people have different homes and why they are important to them Know different ways of making friends Know different ways to stand up for myself Know the names of some emotions such as happy, sad, frightened, angry Know that they don't have to be 'the same as' to be a friend Know why having friends is important Know some qualities of a positive friendship 	 Identify feelings associated with being proud Identify things they are good at Be able to vocalise success for themselves and about others successes Identify some ways they can be different and the same as others Recognise similarities and differences between their family and other families Identify and use skills to make a friend Identify and use skills to stand up for themselves Recognise emotions when they or someone else is upset, frightened or angry 	 Can you say how you are different from a friend? Can you say how you are the same as a friend? What makes a family? What makes you proud? What are you good at doing? Are all families the same? What can you do to make a friend? How can you tell when someone is feeling sad, angry or upset? If someone is making you feel sad or upset what can you do about it? Shall we share a Calm Me time? 	
	In this Puzzle (unit) children are encouraged to think about things that they are good at whilst understanding that everyone is good at different things. They talk about being different and how that makes everyone special but also recognising that we are the same in some ways. The children talk about their homes and are asked to explain why it is special to them. They talk about friendship and how to be a kind friend and how to stand up for themselves if someone says or does something unkind to them. Key Vocabulary Different, Special, Proud, Friends, Kind, Same, Similar, Happy, Sad, Frightened, Angry, Family.			



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Ages 5-6	Know that people have differences and similarities	Recognise ways in which they are the same as their friends and ways they are different	 Can you say how you are different from a friend?
	Know what bullying means	 Identify what is bullying and what isn't 	Can you say how you are the same as a friend?
	Know who to tell if they or someone else is	 Understand how being bullied might feel 	What can you do to make a friend?
	being bullied or is feeling unhappy	Know ways to help a person who is being	How can you tell when someone is feeling sad,
	Know skills to make friendships	bullied	angry or upset?
	 Know that people are unique and that it is OK to be different 	 Identify emotions associated with making a new friend 	 If someone is making you feel sad or upset what can you do about it?
		Verbalise some of the attributes that make them unique and special	Can you show me how to do Calm Me time?
	In this Puzzle (unit) the class talk about the similarities and differences between people and that these make us unique and special. The children learn what bullying is and what it isn't. They talk about how it might feel to be bullied and when and who to ask for help. The children talk about friendship, how to make friends and that it is OK to have differences from their friends. The children also talk about being nice to and looking after other children you might be being bullied.		
	Key Vocabulary		
	Similarity, Same as, Different from, Difference, Bullying, Bullying behaviour, Deliberate, On purpose, Unfair, Included, Bully, Bullied, Celebrations, Special, Unique.		



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Ages 6-7	being bullied because they are different, that this she associated with bullying and how and where to get haffecting their friendship. Key Vocabulary	 Understand that boys and girls can be similar in lots of ways and that is OK Understand that boys and girls can be different in lots of ways and that is OK Explain how being bullied can make someone feel Can choose to be kind to someone who is being bullied Know how to stand up for themselves when they need to Recognise that they shouldn't judge people because they are different Understand that everyone's differences make them special and unique eotypes, that boys and girls can have differences and shouldn't happen and how to support a classmate who is nelp. They talk about similarities and differences and that otypes, Special, Differences, Bully, Purpose, Kind, Unkington 	being bullied. The children talk about feelings at it is OK for friends to have differences without it



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Ages 7-8	 Know why families are important Know that everybody's family is different Know that sometimes family members don't get along and some reasons for this Know that conflict is a normal part of relationships Know what it means to be a witness to bullying and that a witness can make the situation worse or better by what they do Know that some words are used in hurtful ways and that this can have consequences 	 Be able to show appreciation for their families, parents and carers Use the 'Solve it together' technique to calm and resolve conflicts with friends and family Empathise with people who are bullied Employ skills to support someone who is bullied Be able to 'problem-solve' a bullying situation accessing appropriate support if necessary Be able to recognise, accept and give compliments Recognise feelings associated with receiving a compliment 	 What is the 'Solve it together' technique? How can it help solve a disagreement between two people? What is a bystander in a bullying situation? (A bystander is a witness not directly involved). How could a bystander make a bullying situation worse or better? What types of bullying do you know about? Where can someone get help if they were being bullied or witnessed bullying? How does it feel to give and receive a compliment? Can you explain how Calm Me time makes you feel?
	In this Puzzle (unit) the class learn about families, that they are all different and that sometimes they fall out with each other. The children talk about techniques to calm themselves down and discuss a technique called 'solve it together.' The children revisit the topic of bullying and talk about being a witness (bystander), they took about how a witness has choices and how these choices can affect the bullying that is taking place. The children also talk about using problem-solving techniques in bullying situations. They talk about name-calling and choosing not to use hurtful words. They also talk about giving and receiving compliments and the feelings associated with this. Key Vocabulary		
	Family, Loving, Caring, Safe, Connected, Difference, Special, Conflict, Solve It Together, Solutions, Resolve, Witness, Bystander, Bullying, Gay, Unkind, Feelings, Tell, Consequences, Hurtful, Compliment, Unique.		



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Ages 8-9	 Know that sometimes people make assumptions about a person because of the way they look or act Know there are influences that can affect how we judge a person or situation Know that some forms of bullying are harder to identify e.g. tactical ignoring, cyber-bullying Know what to do if they think bullying is, or might be taking place Know the reasons why witnesses sometimes join in with bullying and don't tell anyone Know that first impressions can change 	 Identify influences that have made them think or feel positively/negatively about a situation Identify feelings that a bystander might feel in a bullying situation Identify reasons why a bystander might join in with bullying Revisit the 'Solve it together' technique to practise conflict and bullying scenarios Identify their own uniqueness Be comfortable with the way they look Identify when a first impression they had was right or wrong Be non-judgemental about others who are different always right? What can influence judgement about so Is social media alwa What's good/ bad at what's good wha	 What can influence us to make an unfair judgement about someone else? Is social media always helpful? What's good/ bad about social media? What is a stereotype? What stereotypes do you see on social media, in the movies or on TV? Are stereotypes fair? Do you know any rules for staying safe with technology? What could you do if you were worried about something online or in social media e.g. cyber-
	In this Puzzle (unit) the children talk about judging people by their appearance, first impressions and what influences their thinking on what is normal. They talk about bullying, including online bullying and what to do if they suspect or know that it is taking place. They discuss the pressures of being a witness and why some people choose to join in or choose to not tell anyone about what they have seen. The children talk about their own uniqueness and what is special about themselves. They talk about first impressions and when their own first impressions of someone have changed. Key Vocabulary Character, Assumption, Judgement, Surprised, Different, Appearance, Accept, Influence, Opinion, Attitude, Bullying, Friend, Secret, Deliberate, On purpose, Bystander, Witness, Bully, Problem solve, Cyber bullying, Text message, Website, Troll, Special, Unique, Physical features, Impression, Changed.		



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In to in re	 Know what culture means Know that differences in culture can sometimes be a source of conflict Know what racism is and why it is unacceptable Know that rumour spreading is a form of bullying on and offline Know external forms of support in regard to bullying e.g. Childline Know that bullying can be direct and indirect Know how their life is different from the lives of children in the developing world 	 Identify their own culture and different cultures within their class community Identify their own attitudes about people from different faith and cultural backgrounds Identify a range of strategies for managing their own feelings in bullying situations Identify some strategies to encourage children who use bullying behaviours to make other choices Be able to support children who are being bullied Appreciate the value of happiness regardless of material wealth Develop respect for cultures different from their own 	 What is our culture? Can people with different cultures be friends? How can differences in culture cause conflict? What is racism? Why is racism unfair? What are your feelings about racism? How can bullying affect how a person feels about themselves? Is this fair? Is money more important than happiness? What can we do to help people who are less fortunate than us? Can you show me how to do a Calm me time?
	In this Puzzle (unit) the class explore culture and cultural differences. They link this to racism, talking about what it is and how to be aware of their own feelings towards people from different cultures. They revisit the topic of bullying and discuss rumour spreading and name-calling. The children talk about direct and indirect bullying as well as ways to encourage children to not using bullying behaviours. The class talk about happiness regardless of material wealth and respecting other people's cultures.		
	Key Vocabulary Culture, Conflict, Difference, Similarity, Belong, Culture Wheel, Racism, Colour, Race, Discrimination, Ribbon, Bullying, Rumour, Name-calling, Racist, Homophobic, Cyber bullying, Texting, Problem solving, Indirect, Direct, Happiness, Developing World, Celebration, Artefacts, Display, Presentation.		



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Ages 10-11	 Know that there are different perceptions of 'being normal' and where these might come from Know that being different could affect someone's life Know that power can play a part in a bullying or conflict situation Know that people can hold power over others individually or in a group Know why some people choose to bully others Know that people with disabilities can lead amazing lives Know that difference can be a source of celebration as well as conflict 	 Empathise with people who are different and be aware of my own feelings towards them Identify feelings associated with being excluded Be able to recognise when someone is exerting power negatively in a relationship Use a range of strategies when involved in a bullying situation or in situations where difference is a source of conflict Identify different feelings of the bully, bullied and bystanders in a bullying scenario Be able to vocalise their thoughts and feelings about prejudice and discrimination and why it happens Appreciate people for who they are Show empathy 	 What is prejudice and discrimination, can you give an example? Why is there an Equality Act in the UK? Who does it protect and why? What role does power play in a bullying situation? Who has the power and why? Why do some people choose to bully? Can difference be a source of celebration? Can you give an example? Does having Pause Points during lessons help you concentrate? How does being able to do Calm me time help you regulate your emotions?
	In this Puzzle (unit) the class talk about differences and similarities and that for some people, being different is hard. The children talk about bullying and how people can have power over others in a group. They talk about strategies for dealing with this as well as wider bullying issues. The class talk about people with disabilities and look at specific examples of disabled people who have amazing lives and achievements. Key Vocabulary Normal, Ability, Disability, Visual impairment, Empathy, Perception, Medication, Vision, Blind, Male, Female, Diverse, Transgender, Biological sex, Stereotype, Individuality, Equality, Fairness, Identity, Gender Identity, Non-binary,, Courage, Fairness, Rights, Responsibilities, Power, Struggle, Imbalance, Harassment, Bullying, Bullying behaviour, Direct, Indirect, Argument, Recipient, Para-Olympian, Achievement, Accolade, Perseverance, Sport, Admiration, Stamina, Celebration, Conflict.		